

BULGARIA STUDY VISIT

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(1) What will we see at the specific site?

The areas from anti-erosion reforestation, which after their realization, brought to formation of healthy forest ecosystems by pioneer's character. Subsequently we can see the development of ecosystem, as restored potential second stage, weak succession of local species and allocation of part of stands for forest seed productive base. We are created a generative garden of naturalization of pine second stage. Here you can find Natural Park of pines „Chamluka” with a 72-are field of age 110-140 years.

(2) Which problem did you want to solve?

Basic problem for solving – erosion control of soil in bare and deeply soiled erosion areas 50-60 years ago.

(3) Why is it a problem?

These fields were a lot in the Kardzhali's region 50-60 years ago.

(4) What effects are caused by that problem in environmental, social and economic terms?

All damaging cases, which can be caused by water erosion of soil, were typical 50-60 years ago.

(5) Who is the responsible actor or stakeholder (“owner”) of the project?

The stakeholders were all forest structure and local municipalities' authorities, responsible for existing of these fields, which are thick populated.

(6) Which stakeholders have been involved in working on a solution?

All participants were interested in that, and these forests were a job for local communities and foresters.

(7) Which political target shall be reached by solving the problem? (please distinguish between regional, national and European level)

We are solved local, regional, national, and even European problems for soil protection, infrastructure, populated areas and people's lifestyle.

(8) How did you develop the solution?

In implementation of Technical project for erosion control of reservoir „St. Cladenetz” by 1955, and the Technical project in watershed of „Dermen dere” river by 1969.

- (9) Which experiences could you gain organising the participation of stakeholders?
We used different experience – local, regional, national and European.
- (10) How can you finance the activity?
The finance is by Republic Bulgaria, through the SFA's budget.
- (11) How far did you get in solving the problem so far?
The solving of the problem has started from 1955 to nowadays.
- (12) Which benefit was gained for the owner of the forest?
The benefits are uncountable – timber processing, water guarding, water regulation, protection, recreations, high quality forest seed production, soil prevention, air cleaning, landscape and others.
- (13) Which benefit was gained for the society (think in terms of individual citizens)?
The community's benefit is difficult to be valued.
- (14) How sustainable in terms of timely duration is the solution?
If the management is good - maybe forever.
- (15) How do you monitor the success (extent to reach the problem solution)?
The achieved success is unique.
- (16) How did you communicate the results (distinguish between different target groups)?